

# IZANO CAP 防災用キャップ



性能、帽子以上。 収納、文庫本サイズ。



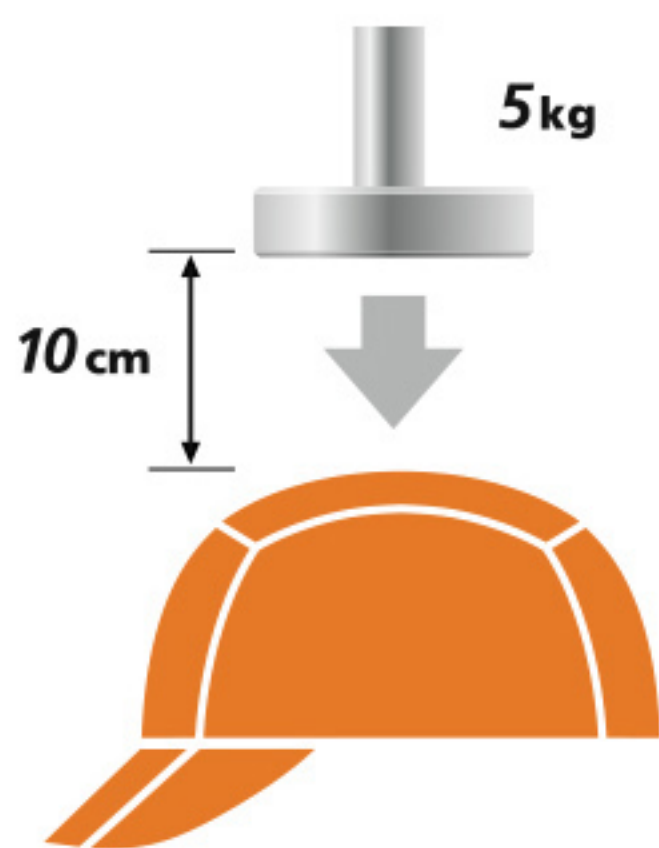
欧州規格EN812 Industrial bump cap 適合



(公財)日本防災協会認定生地 使用



日本製  
※帽子部は中国工場にて製造



- \* 1 "Safety of children's disaster hoods (September 1, 2010)" (Germany)
- \* 2 Among the flameproof product performance test standards of the Japan Flameproof Association, a shock-absorbing hood shock absorption performance standard, with a tester covered with a human head shaped 5 kg steel striker (weight) 10 cm high The standard is that the impact load value is 7.4kN or less.
- \* 3 EN812 bump cap: A European standard that provides provisions for protective items to protect the wearer's head from damage caused by hitting the head against a stationary, hard object.

EN812バンブキャップ※9  
衝撃吸収性試験合格  
耐貫通性試験合格



帽子サイズ	M/L 57~62 (cm)
折りたたみ時寸法	縦15×横11×奥行7.5 (cm)
重量	195g(専用袋含まず)
材質	帽子 綿100% プロテクター部 PP樹脂(リサイクル材)/EVA他
カラー	黒

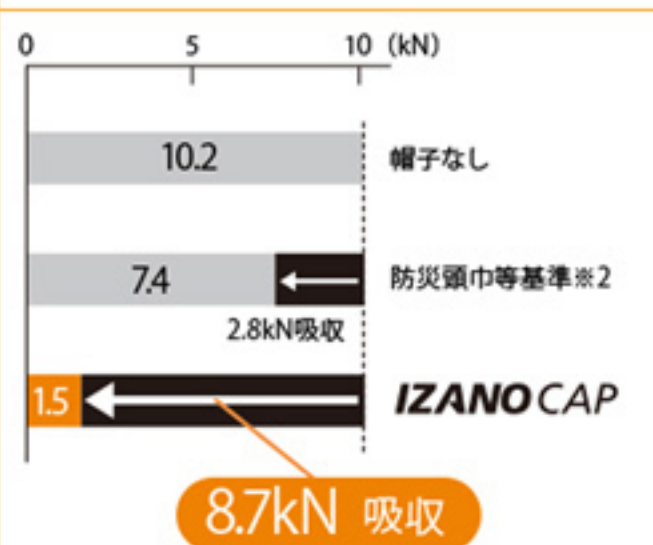
※9 EN812バンブキャップ: 静止した固い物体に頭部をぶつけることによって引き起こされる障害から着用者の頭部を保護するための被りものに対する規定を設けた欧州規格。

## 3 times more shock absorption

The shock absorption capacity of "disaster hoods", which are commonly used, is lower than that of helmets, and the performance tends to decrease due to material deterioration. In addition, many parents want "protection against falling objects" rather than "protection against fire" \*1, and higher shock absorption is required.

IZANO CAP has an impact protector on the inside of the hat. Its performance is more than three times the shock absorption performance standard of disaster hoods established by the Japan Flame Protection Association. Furthermore, it conforms to the shock absorption test of European standard EN812 bump cap (light work cap) \*3.

Shock absorption performance test of disaster hood

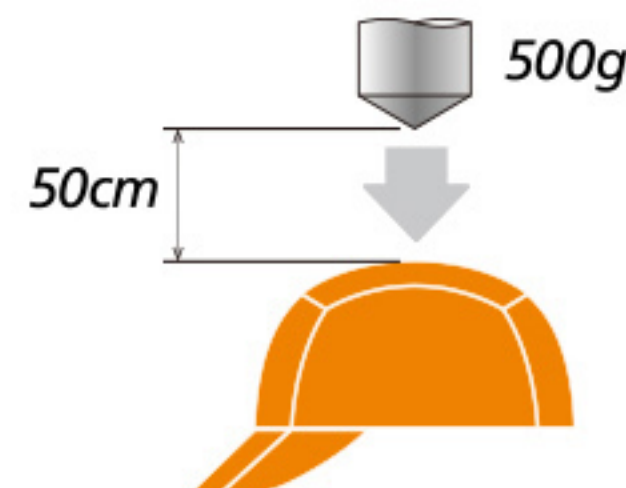


落下物などからの衝撃を緩和!



## Penetration resistance

The impact protector built in IZANO CAP conforms to the European standard EN812 bump cap \*5 (light work cap) penetration resistance test \*6.



- \* 5 EN812 Industrial bump caps: European standard that provides provisions to protect the wearer's head from damage caused by hitting the head against a stationary, hard object.
- \* 6 The standard is that a 500g conical striker (weight) is dropped from a height of 50cm onto a test piece placed on a human head and does not touch the human head.